UNITED
NATIONS

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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23370/Add.18
22 May 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in documents S/23370 and Corr.1 of 9 January 1992, S/23370/Add.1 of 17 January 1992, S/23370/Add.3 of 7 February 1992, S/23370/Add.10 of 26 March 1992, S/23370/Add.11 of 27 March 1992, S/23370/Add.13 of 21 April 1992 and S/23370/Add.16 of 11 May 1992.

During the week ending 9 May 1992, the Security Council took action on the following item:

The situation in Liberia (see S/22110/Add.3 and Corr.1)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3071st meeting, held on 7 May 1992, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it a letter dated 30 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Senegal to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting, at the request of the President of Senegal and current Chairman of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), the text of the final communiqué of the ECOWAS Committee of Five on Liberia, which had met in Geneva from 6 to 7 April 1992 (S/23863).

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23886) on behalf of the Council:

> "The members of the Security Council recalled the statement made by the President of the Council on behalf of the Council on 22 January 1991 concerning the situation in Liberia. 1/

"The members of the Security Council noted with appreciation the final communiqué of the Informal Consultative Group Meeting of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) Committee of Five on Liberia issued at Geneva on 7 April 1992. 2/

"The members of the Security Council commend ECOWAS and its various organs, in particular the Committee of Five, for their untiring efforts to bring the Liberian conflict to a speedy conclusion.

"In this connection the members of the Security Council believe that the Yamoussoukro Accord of 30 October 1991 offers the best possible framework for a peaceful resolution of the Liberian conflict by creating the necessary conditions for free and fair elections in Liberia.

"The members of the Security Council renew their call to all parties to the conflict in Liberia to respect and implement the various accords of the peace process in the framework of the ECOWAS Committee of Five, including refraining from actions which endanger the security of neighbouring States.

"The members of the Security Council commend the efforts of the Member States, the Secretary-General and humanitarian organizations in providing humanitarian assistance to the victims of the civil war in Liberia and in this regard reaffirm their support for increased assistance."

Notes

1/ S/22133.

2/ S/23863.

UNITED
NATIONS

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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23370/Add.19
15 June 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in documents S/23370 and Corr.1 of 9 January 1992, S/23370/Add.1 of 17 January 1992, S/23370/Add.3 of 7 February 1992, S/23370/Add.10 of 26 March 1992, S/23370/Add.11 of 27 March 1992, S/23370/Add.13 of 21 April 1992, S/23370/Add.14 of 22 April 1992 and S/23370/Add.16 of 11 May 1992.

During the week ending 16 May 1992, the Security Council took action on the following items:

The situation relating to Nagorno-Karabakh

By a letter dated 9 May 1992 addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23894), the Permanent Representative of Azerbaijan to the United Nations transmitted a statement by the President of the Azerbaijan Republic and brought to the attention of the Security Council the grave situation in Nagorno-Karabakh as a consequence of the intensifying attacks of Armenian Forces, which had resulted in the occupation and destruction of the city of Shusha, with heavy loss of life. This massive offensive, supported by the air force and tanks, the letter continued, was a flagrant violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Azerbaijan and a most serious threat to peace.

By a letter dated 11 May 1992 addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23896), the Permanent Representative of Armenia to the United Nations transmitted a letter dated 9 May 1992 from the President of Armenia addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting an emergency meeting of the Security Council to discuss the escalation of the conflict in Nagorno-Karabakh, the continuing blockade of Armenia and Nagorno-Karabakh and the threat of potential outside intervention in the region.

The Security Council met to consider the item at its 3072nd meeting, on 12 May 1992, in response to the above letters contained respectively in documents S/23894 and S/23896.

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23904) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council are deeply concerned by recent reports on the deterioration of the situation relating to Nagorno-Karabakh and by violations of cease-fire agreements which have caused heavy losses of human life and widespread material damage, and by their consequences for the countries of the region.

"The members of the Security Council commend and support the efforts undertaken within the framework of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE), as well as other efforts aimed at assisting the parties in arriving at a peaceful settlement and at providing humanitarian assistance.

"They welcome the urgent dispatch by the Secretary-General of a mission to the region for fact-finding and to study ways and means to speedily assist the efforts undertaken within the framework of the CSCE to help the parties to reach a peaceful settlement. This mission will also include a technical element to look into ways the international community could provide prompt humanitarian assistance.

"The members of the Security Council call upon all concerned to take all steps necessary to bring the violence to an end, to facilitate the work of the Secretary-General's mission and to ensure the safety of its personnel. They recall the statements made on their behalf by the President of the Council on 29 January (S/23496) and 14 February 1992 (S/23597) on the admission respectively of Armenia and Azerbaijan to the United Nations, in particular the reference to the Charter principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force."

Admission of new Members (see S/7382, S/7564, S/8301, S/8555, S/8815, S/8896, S/9961, S/10121, S/10296, S/10327, S/10351, S/10462, S/10762, S/10770/Add.1, S/10855/Add.25, S/10855/Add.29, S/11185/Add.22, S/11185/Add.23, S/11185/Add.24, S/11185/Add.31, S/11185/Add.32, S/11593/Add.31, S/11593/Add.32, S/11593/Add.33, S/11593/Add.38, S/11593/Add.39, S/11593/Add.41, S/11593/Add.48, S/11935/Add.25, S/11935/Add.33, S/11935/Add.36, S/11935/Add.45, S/11935/Add.46, S/11935/Add.47, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.27, S/12269/Add.29, S/12520/Add.32, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.36, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.30, S/14326/Add.27, S/14326/Add.38, S/14326/Add.45, S/15560/Add.38, S/16270/Add.7, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.32, S/22110/Add.31, S/22110/Add.36, S/23370/Add.2, S/23370/Add.3, S/23370/Add.4, S/23370/Add.5, S/23370/Add.6, S/23370/Add.7 and S/23370/Add.8)

By a note dated 7 May 1992 (S/23884), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Croatia for membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 11 February 1992 from the President of the Republic of Croatia to the Secretary-General.

At the 3073rd meeting, on 14 May 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Croatia to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for consideration and report.

By a note dated 7 May 1992 (S/23885), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Slovenia for membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 5 May 1992 from the President of the Republic of Slovenia to the Secretary-General.

At the 3074th meeting, on 14 May 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Slovenia to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for consideration and report.

Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992) (see also S/22110/Add.50, S/23370/Add.1, S/23370/Add.5, S/23370/Add.7, S/23370/Add.14 and S/23370/Add.16)

The Security Council considered the item at its 3075th meeting, on 15 May 1992, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it further reports of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992) (S/23900 and S/23844). The President drew attention to the provisional text of a draft resolution (S/23927), which had been submitted by Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. He also announced a revision to the provisional text of the draft resolution.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution contained in document S/23927, as orally revised in its provisional form, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 752 (1992).

Resolution 752 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Reaffirming its resolutions 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991, 721 (1991) of 27 November 1991, 724 (1991) of 15 December 1991, 727 (1992) of 8 January 1992, 740 (1992) of 7 February 1992, 743 (1992) of 21 February 1992 and 749 (1992) of 7 April 1992,
>
> Expressing its appreciation for the reports of the Secretary-General of 24 April 1992 (S/23836) and 12 May 1992 (S/23900) pursuant to resolution 749 (1992),

Deeply concerned about the serious situation in certain parts of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, and in particular about the rapid and violent deterioration of the situation in Bosnia-Hercegovina,

Recalling its primary responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security,

Recalling also the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations, and the continuing role that the European Community is playing in achieving a peaceful solution in Bosnia-Hercegovina, as well as in other republics of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,

Having considered the announcement in Belgrade on 4 May 1992 described in paragraph 24 of the report of the Secretary-General of 12 May 1992 concerning the withdrawal of Yugoslav People's Army (JNA) personnel from republics other than Serbia and Montenegro and the renunciation of authority over those who remain,

Noting the urgent need for humanitarian assistance and the various appeals made in this connection, in particular by the President of Bosnia-Hercegovina,

Deploring the tragic incident on 4 May 1992 which caused the death of a member of the European Community Monitor Mission,

Deeply concerned about the safety of United Nations personnel in Bosnia-Hercegovina,

1. Demands that all parties and others concerned in Bosnia-Hercegovina stop the fighting immediately, respect immediately and fully the cease-fire signed on 12 April 1992, and cooperate with the efforts of the European Community to bring about urgently a negotiated political solution respecting the principle that any change of borders by force is not acceptable;

2. Welcomes the efforts undertaken by the European Community in the framework of the discussions on constitutional arrangements for Bosnia-Hercegovina under the auspices of the Conference on Yugoslavia, urges that the discussions be resumed without delay, and urges the three communities in Bosnia-Hercegovina to participate actively and constructively in these discussions on a continuous basis as recommended by the Secretary-General and to conclude and implement the constitutional arrangements being developed at the tripartite talks;

3. Demands that all forms of interference from outside Bosnia-Hercegovina, including by units of the Yugoslav People's Army (JNA) as well as elements of the Croatian Army, cease immediately, and that Bosnia-Hercegovina's neighbours take swift action to end such interference and respect the territorial integrity of Bosnia-Hercegovina;

4. Demands that those units of the Yugoslav People's Army (JNA) and elements of the Croatian Army now in Bosnia-Hercegovina must either be withdrawn, or be subject to the authority of the Government of Bosnia-Hercegovina, or be disbanded and disarmed with their weapons placed under effective international monitoring, and requests the Secretary-General to consider without delay what international assistance could be provided in this connection;

5. Demands also that all irregular forces in Bosnia-Hercegovina be disbanded and disarmed;

6. Calls upon all parties and others concerned to ensure that forcible expulsions of persons from the areas where they live and any attempts to change the ethnic composition of the population, anywhere in the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, cease immediately;

7. Emphasizes the urgent need for humanitarian assistance, material and financial, taking into account the large number of refugees and displaced persons and fully supports the current efforts to deliver humanitarian aid to all the victims of the conflict and to assist in the voluntary return of displaced persons to their homes;

8. Calls on all parties and others concerned to ensure that conditions are established for the effective and unhindered delivery of humanitarian assistance, including safe and secure access to airports in Bosnia-Hercegovina;

9. Requests the Secretary-General to keep under active review the feasibility of protecting international humanitarian relief programmes, including the option mentioned in paragraph 29 of his report of 12 May 1992, and of ensuring safe and secure access to Sarajevo airport, and to report to the Security Council by 26 May 1992;

10. Further requests the Secretary-General, having regard to the evolution of the situation and to the results of the efforts undertaken by the European Community, to continue to keep under review the possibility of deploying a peace-keeping mission in Bosnia-Hercegovina under the auspices of the United Nations;

11. Demands that all parties and others concerned cooperate fully with UNPROFOR and the European Community Monitor Mission, and respect fully their freedom of movement and the safety of their personnel;

12. Notes the progress made thus far in the deployment of UNPROFOR, welcomes the fact that UNPROFOR has assumed the full responsibility called for by its mandate in Eastern Slavonia, and requests the Secretary-General to ensure that UNPROFOR will assume its full responsibilities in all the United Nations Protected Areas (UNPAs) as soon as possible and to encourage all parties and others concerned to resolve any problems remaining in this connection;

13. Urges all parties and others concerned to cooperate in every way with UNPROFOR in accordance with the United Nations Plan and to comply strictly with the Plan in all its aspects, in particular the disarming of all irregular forces, whatever their origin, in the UNPAs;

14. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter and to consider further steps to achieve a peaceful solution in conformity with relevant resolutions of the Council.

UNITED
NATIONS

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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23370/Add.20
16 June 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in documents S/23370 and Corr.1 of 9 January 1992, S/23370/Add.1 of 17 January 1992, S/23370/Add.3 of 7 February 1992, S/23370/Add.10 of 26 March 1992, S/23370/Add.11 of 27 March 1992, S/23370/Add.13 of 21 April 1992, S/23370/Add.16 of 11 May 1992 and S/23370/Add.19 of 15 June 1992.

During the week ending 23 May 1992, the Security Council took action on the following items:

Admission of new Members (see S/7382, S/7564, S/8301, S/8555, S/8815, S/8896, S/9961, S/10121, S/10296, S/10327, S/10351, S/10462, S/10762, S/10770/Add.1, S/10855/Add.25, S/10855/Add.29, S/11185/Add.22, S/11185/Add.23, S/11185/Add.24, S/11185/Add.31, S/11185/Add.32, S/11593/Add.31, S/11593/Add.32, S/11593/Add.33, S/11593/Add.38, S/11593/Add.39, S/11593/Add.41, S/11593/Add.48, S/11935/Add.25, S/11935/Add.33, S/11935/Add.36, S/11935/Add.45, S/11935/Add.46, S/11935/Add.47, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.27, S/12269/Add.29, S/12520/Add.32, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.36, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.30, S/14326/Add.27, S/14326/Add.38, S/14326/Add.45, S/15560/Add.38, S/16270/Add.7, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.32, S/22110/Add.31, S/22110/Add.36, S/23370/Add.2, S/23370/Add.3, S/23370/Add.4, S/23370/Add.5, S/23370/Add.6, S/23370/Add.7, S/23370/Add.8 and S/23370/Add.19).

At its 3076th meeting, on 18 May 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23935), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of the Republic of Croatia for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 753 (1992).

Resolution 753 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Having examined the application of the Republic of Croatia for admission to the United Nations (S/23884),
>
> Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Croatia be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Croatia to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23945):

> "It is a privilege for me, on behalf of the members of the Security Council, to congratulate the Republic of Croatia on the decision which the Council has just taken, namely to recommend to the General Assembly the admission of the Republic of Croatia to membership in the United Nations.
>
> "Croatia's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, and to fulfil all the obligations contained in the Charter is noted with great satisfaction by the members of the Council.
>
> "The members of the Council are confident that Croatia will contribute fully and effectively in all areas of the Organization's activities."

At its 3077th meeting, on 18 May 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23936), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the

application of the Republic of Slovenia for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 754 (1992).

Resolution 754 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Having examined the application of the Republic of Slovenia for admission to the United Nations (S/23885),
>
> Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Slovenia be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Slovenia to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23946):

> "I am pleased, on behalf of the members of the Council, to extend our congratulations to the Republic of Slovenia on the occasion of the Council's recommendation to the General Assembly that Slovenia be admitted to membership in the United Nations.
>
> "We note with great satisfaction Slovenia's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, and to fulfil all the obligations contained in the Charter.
>
> "All the members of the Council are confident that Slovenia will make a significant contribution to the work of the Organization."

By a note dated 19 May 1992 (S/23971), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina for membership in

the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 8 May 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the Secretary-General.

At the 3078th meeting, on 20 May 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for consideration and report.

At its 3079th meeting, on 20 May 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23974), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 755 (1992).

Resolution 755 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Having examined the application of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina for admission to the United Nations (S/23971),
>
> Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23982):

> "I am pleased, on behalf of the members of the Council, to extend our congratulations to the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina on the occasion of the Council's recommendation to the General Assembly that Bosnia and Herzegovina be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

"We note with great satisfaction Bosnia and Herzegovina's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, and to fulfil all the obligations contained in the Charter.

"All the members of the Council are confident that Bosnia and Herzegovina will make a significant contribution to the work of the Organization."

Letter dated 27 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

In a letter dated 27 April 1992 addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23850), the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations requested that a meeting of the Security Council be convened as soon as possible to consider the terrorist activities that were being carried out against the Republic of Cuba and which were promoted, encouraged or tolerated by the United States authorities.

The Security Council met to consider the item at its 3080th meeting, held on 21 May 1992, on the basis of the above request.

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Cuba, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President stated that members of the Council had received photocopies of a draft resolution which had been submitted by Cuba and which would be circulated in document S/23990 within the hour. The draft resolution read as follows:

The Security Council,

Reaffirming its conviction that the suppression of acts of international terrorism, including those in which States are directly or indirectly involved, is essential for the maintenance of international peace and security,

Recalling that, in the statement issued on 31 January 1992 on the occasion of the meeting of the Security Council at the level of heads of State and Government, the members of the Council expressed their deep concern over acts of international terrorism, and emphasized the need for the international community to deal effectively with all such acts,

Reaffirming that, in accordance with the principle in Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter of the United Nations, every State has the duty to refrain from organizing, instigating, assisting or participating in terrorist acts in another State or acquiescing in organized activities within its territory directed towards the commission of such acts, when such acts involve the threat or use of force,

Recalling that on 6 October 1976, an act of criminal sabotage destroyed a Cubana Airlines aircraft in flight, causing the death of the 73 people on board,

Recalling also that this incident was strongly condemned by the General Assembly of the International Civil Aviation Organization, which called upon States in a position to do so to prosecute and punish with the maximum penalty the criminals who had carried out that act so that the punishment would correspond to the magnitude of the crime and constitute a deterrent in future cases,

Considering that the United States Department of Justice has stated that its Government has evidence in its possession relating to this act of sabotage and its perpetrators,

Noting that Mr. Orlando Bosch, referred to by the Department of Justice as responsible for this act of sabotage, is currently residing in the territory of the United States,

Bearing in mind that Mr. Luis Posada Carriles, who was accused in the same case and is a fugitive from justice, subsequently worked for the United States Government,

Determined to put an end to international terrorism,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

1. Condemns the act of sabotage against the Cubana Airlines aircraft on 6 October 1976;

2. Declares that all States in a position to do so have an obligation to contribute to the full investigation of this incident and to punish the guilty parties as an example to others;

3. Urges the United States Government to provide all the information and evidence in its possession on this act of sabotage and on the persons who planned, directed and carried it out;

4. Also urges the United States Government to provide all the information in its possession on the activities carried out by Luis Posada Carriles after leaving prison and on his current whereabouts;

5. Decides that the information and evidence referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 above shall be provided by the United States Government to the Security Council through the Secretary-General;

6. Requests the Secretary-General to seek the cooperation of the United States Government in providing all this information and evidence and facilitating the investigation of this act of sabotage and the punishment of the guilty parties so as to contribute to the eradication of international terrorism;

7. Urges the United States Government to adopt effective measures to prevent its territory from being used to prepare, organize or carry out terrorist acts against Cuba;

8. Decides to keep this matter under consideration and to meet again as soon as it receives the information and evidence it has requested.

UNITED
NATIONS

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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23370/Add.20/Corr.1
19 June 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Corrigendum

Page 5: Under the heading "Letter dated 27 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council", the second paragraph should read as follows:

> The Security Council met to consider the item at its 3080th meeting, held on 21 May 1992, on the basis of the above request and concluded its consideration of the item at the same meeting.

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